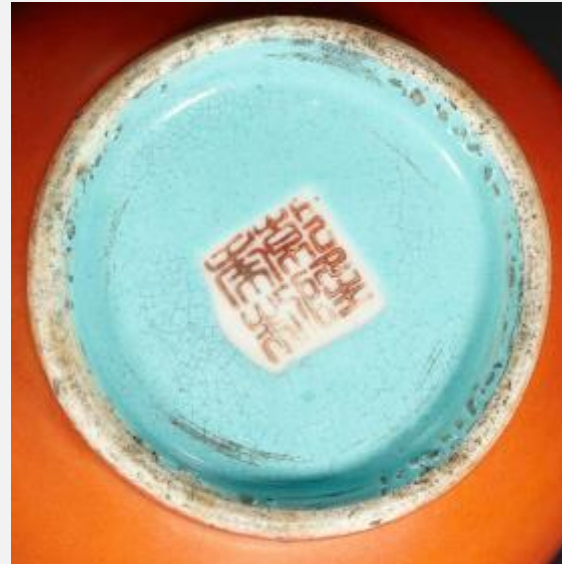


Modeling Time, Dates, & Periods for Historical Geographic Data

DH 2013 Lincoln

Merrick Lex Berman
Harvard CGA



Core decision points for modeling space-time objects

Space

geographic scope

fundamental geographic unit

Time

temporal range

temporal granularity

Description

names

ontologies

Time range and date definitions: an example from CHGIS

Space

geographic scope
fundamental geographic unit

Time

temporal range
temporal granularity

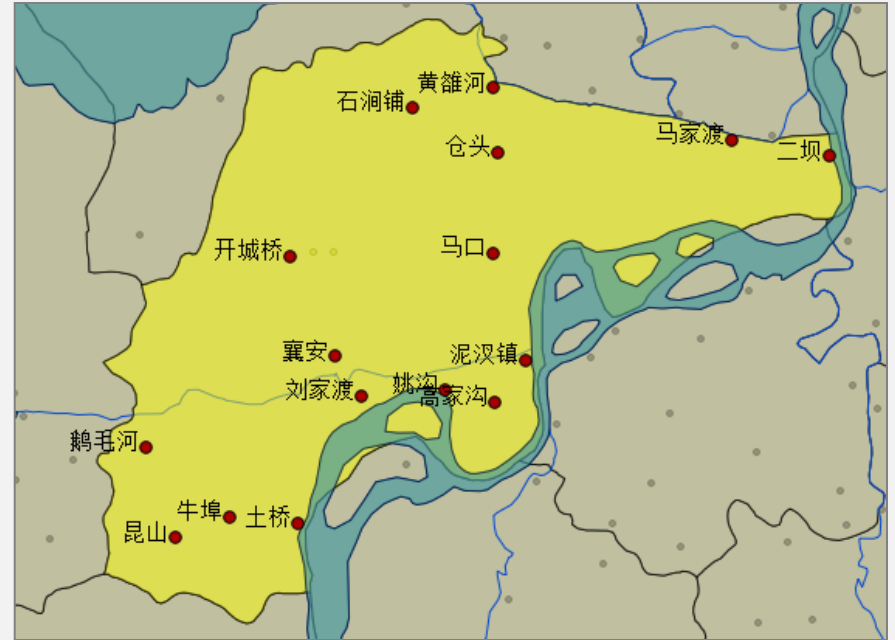
Description

names
ontologies

CHGIS - Fundamental Geographic Unit: County

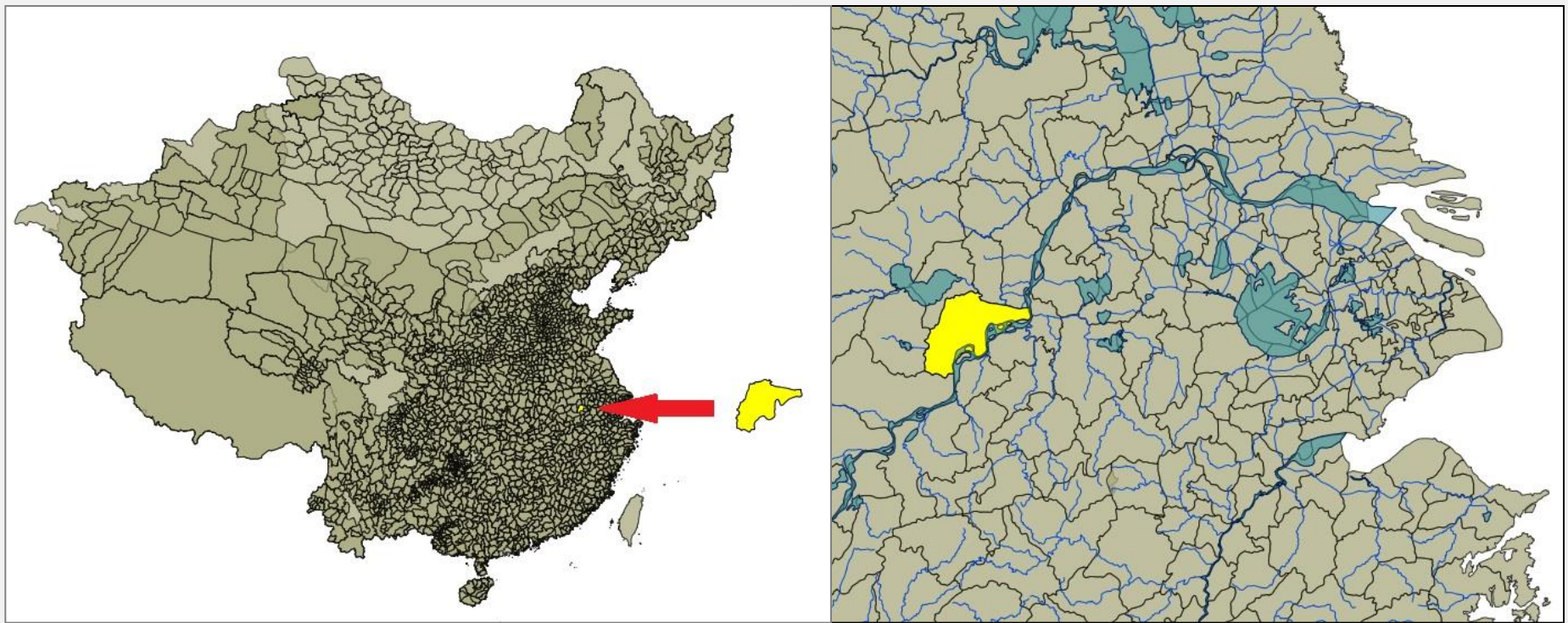


Historical map source for 1911



Historical locations pinned to modern basemap

CHGIS - Base layer of 1911 counties



CHGIS - time series of county boundaries

boundary changes annotated on printed maps



CHGIS - time series of county boundaries



sys-id	hist-place	begin	end
333	Province T	1200	1350
334	Prefecture A	1200	1249
335	Prefecture B	1250	1350
336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
337	County X	800	1500
338	County Y	1200	1320
339	County Z	1321	1340
340	Town 1	200	1700
341	Town 2	100	1500

Each space-time object gets a new row

CHGIS - time series of county boundaries

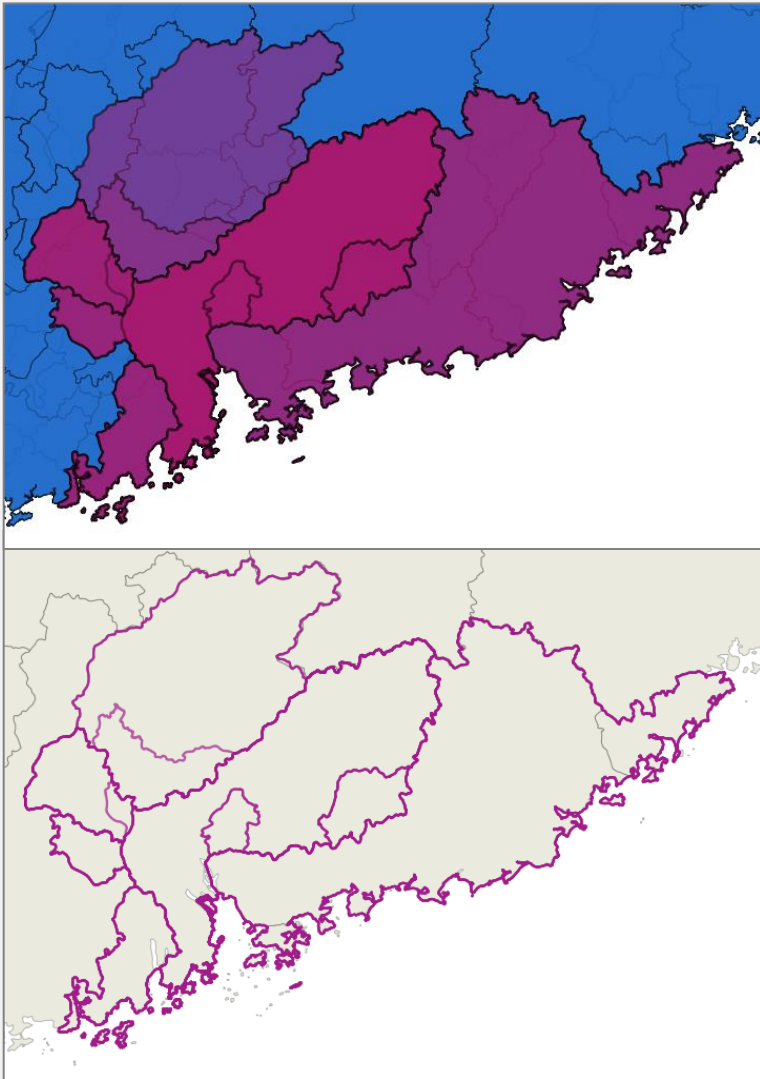


sys-id	hist-place	begin	end
333	Province T	1200	1350
334	Prefecture A	1200	1249
335	Prefecture B	1250	1350
336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
337	County X	800	1500
338	County Y	1200	1320
339	County Z	1321	1340
340	Town 1	200	1700
341	Town 2	100	1500

sys-id	place-name	part-of	part-of-name	begin	end
334	Prefecture A	333	Province T	1200	1249
335	Prefecture B	333	Province T	1250	1350
336	Prefecture C	333	Province T	1200	1350
337	County X	334	Prefecture A	1200	1249
337	County X	335	Prefecture B	1250	1350
338	County Y	336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
339	County Z	336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
340	Town 1	337	County X	1200	1350
341	Town 2	338	County Y	1300	1320
341	Town 2	339	County Z	1321	1340

Relationships for hierarchy & sequence

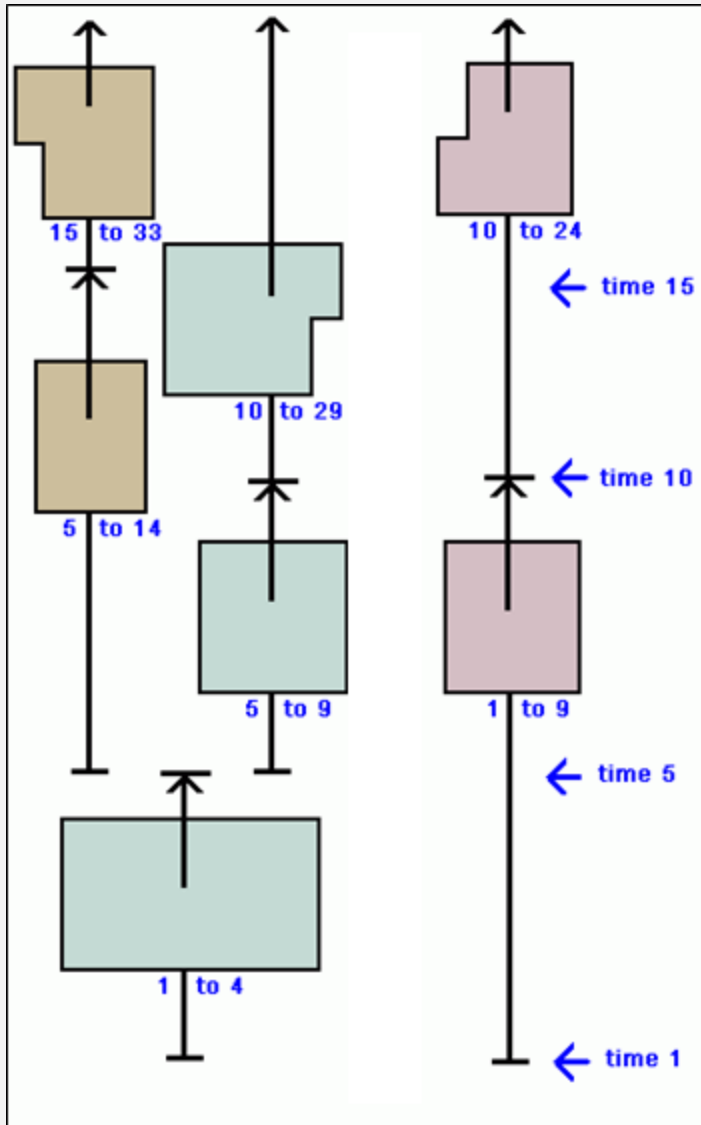
CHGIS - Resulting Time Series Vectors are *Asynchronous Objects*



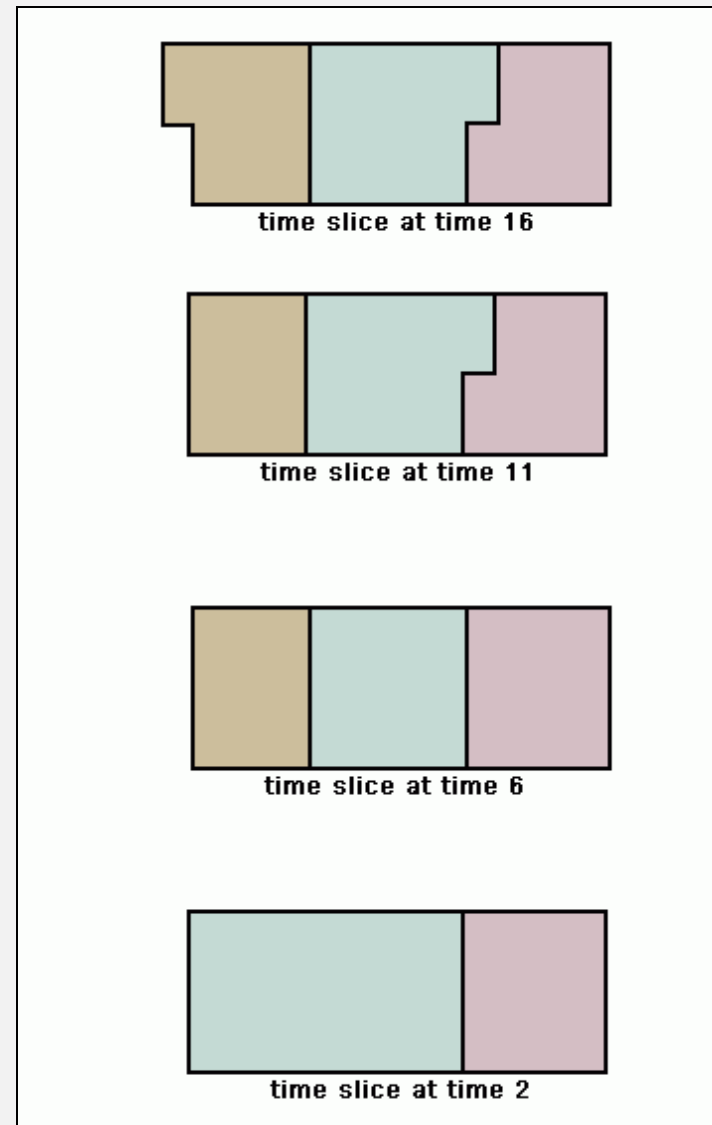
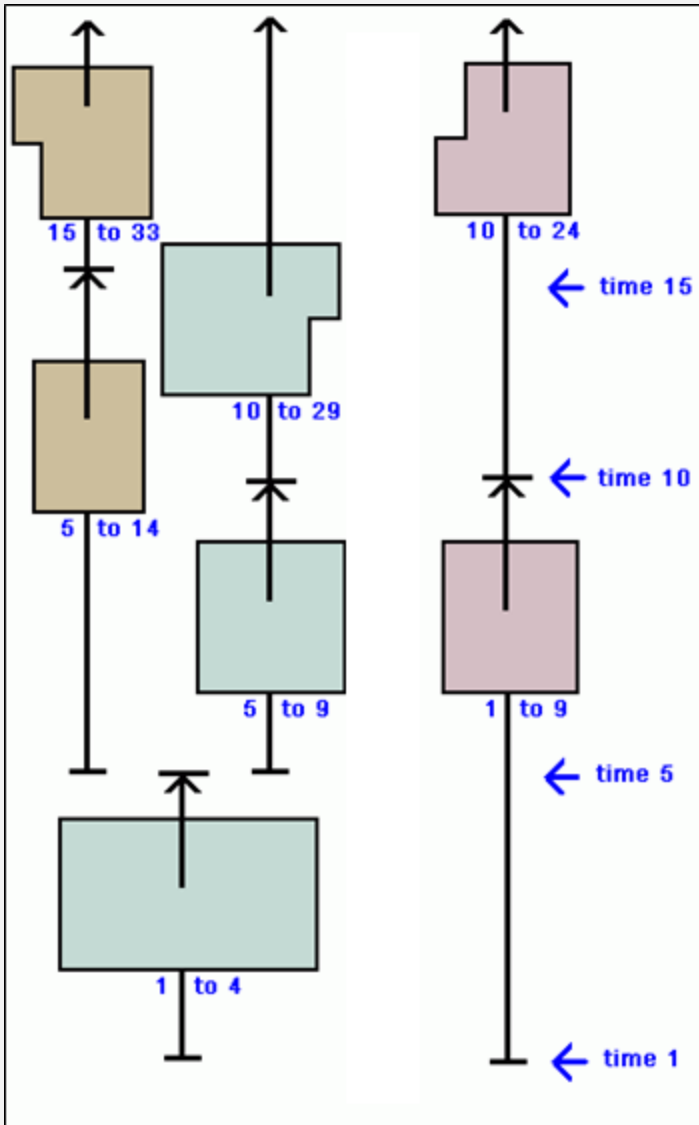
Each object is a row with Begin and End Dates

	SYS_ID	NAME_PY	NAME_CH	BEG_YR	END_YR
0	92250	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	-214	-207
1	92251	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	-206	-111
2	92252	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	-110	264
3	92253	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	265	330
4	92254	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	331	419
5	92255	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	420	420
6	92256	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	421	435
7	92257	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	436	442
8	92258	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	443	477
9	92259	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	478	510
10	92260	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	511	537
11	92261	Nanhai Jun	南海郡	538	589

Time in GIS - *Asynchronous Objects*



Time in GIS - *time slices* can be derived from *Asynchronous Objects*



Time Definition - Format, Granularity and Fuzziness

format: **day, month, year?** ISO 8601 format: YYYY-MM-DD or YYYYMMDD

granularity: **year** [for CHGIS time range of 2,100 years]

date rules:

fuzzy >

Rule 1: Year is set according to a pan-Dynastic period, such as "Qin Han," or " Song Yuan"

Rule 2: Year is set according to a Dynastic period, such as "Tang," or " Ming"

Rule 3: Year is set according to a Dynastic Title or Reign Period, such as "Shundi," or "Zhizheng"

Rule 4: Year is specified, such as "13th Year of the Kangxi Reign Period"

Rule 5: Season or Month is specified, such as "4th month of the Lunar year," or "autumn"

precise >

Rule 6: Date is specified, such as "*jiachen* day"

Time Definition - *Pre* and *Post* buffers for fuzziness

Common Eras

<http://commoneras.ecs.soton.ac.uk/>

Buffer between
Outer and Inner
time bands >

```
▼<eras>
  ▼<era>
    <era_id>9</era_id>
    <primary_name>The Fourth Doctor (Tom Baker)</primary_name>
    <primary name lang>en</primary name lang>
    <start_outer>1974-06-08</start_outer>
    <start_inner>1974-06-08</start_inner>
    <end_inner>1981-03-21</end_inner>
    <end_outer>1981-03-21</end_outer>
    <descriptions/>
    <labels/>
    <regions/>
    ▼<sameas>
      <samea/>
    </sameas>
    ▼<succeeds>
      <succeed>8</succeed>
    </succeeds>
    ▼<proceeds>
      <proceed>10</proceed>
    </proceeds>
  </era>
</eras>
```

Time Definition - Dates based on *Named Time Periods* or *Chronologies*

For the Placename:

Rutu-piae (lat) [georeferenced to modern location: Richborough (eng)]

Dates:

43 CE (begin) – 43 CE (end) (authority: x) (note: invasion landing site)

Period:

41 CE - 54 CE (Claudius reign)

Context:

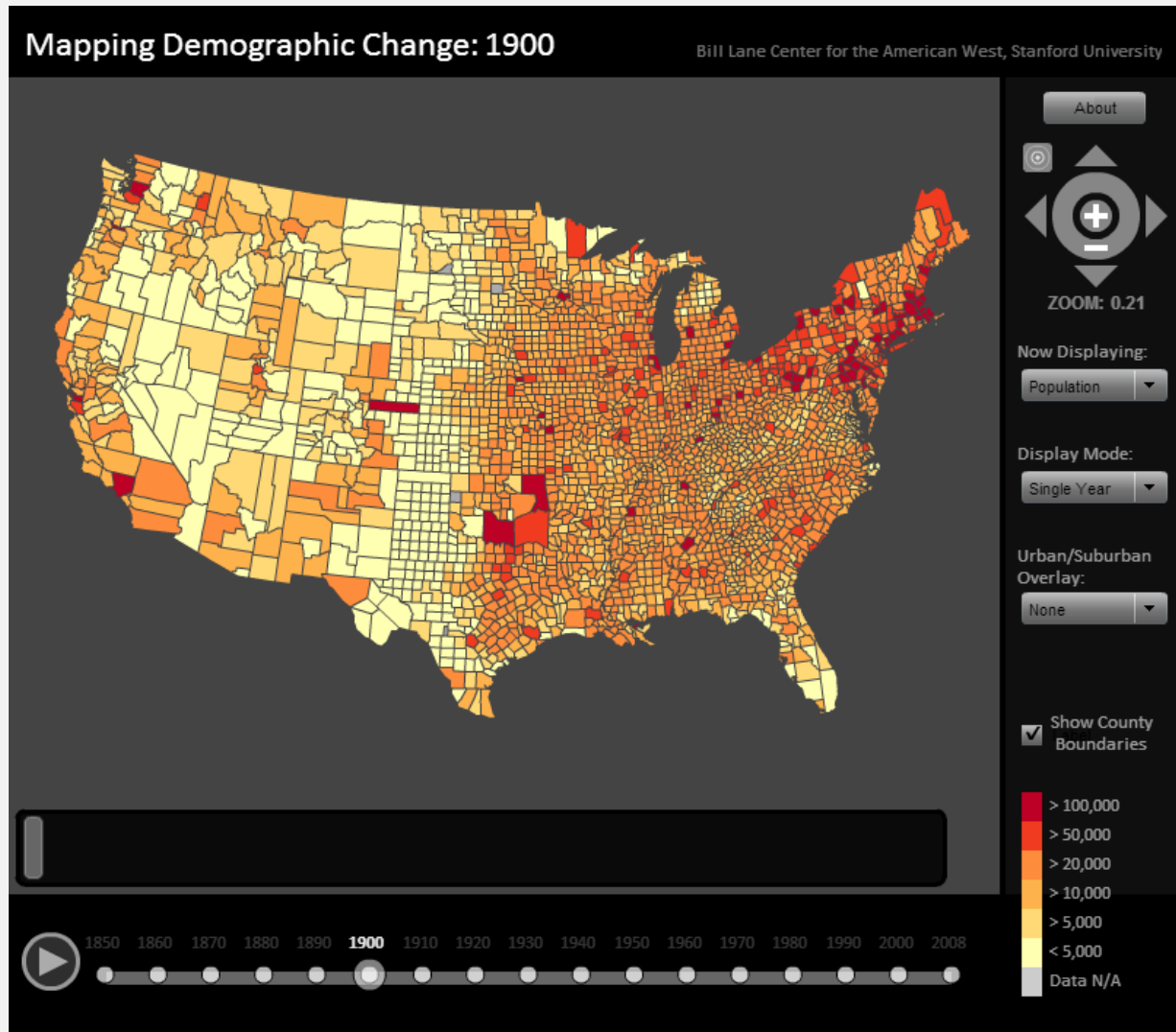
44 BCE – 395 CE (-0044 to -395) (Roman Empire)



Time in GIS - Visualization methods

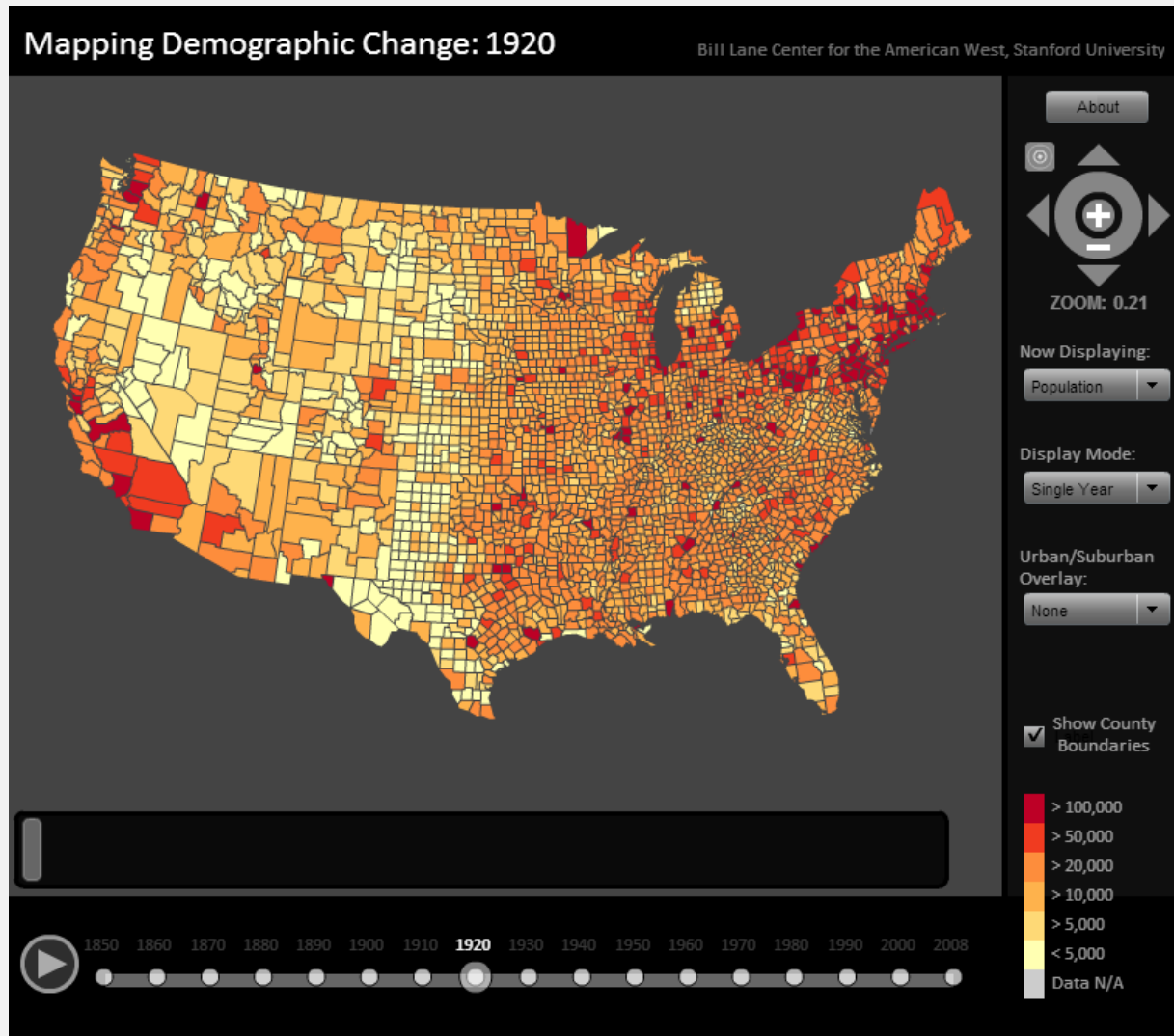
- Time Slices
- Time Series
- Networks

Time in GIS - Time Slices



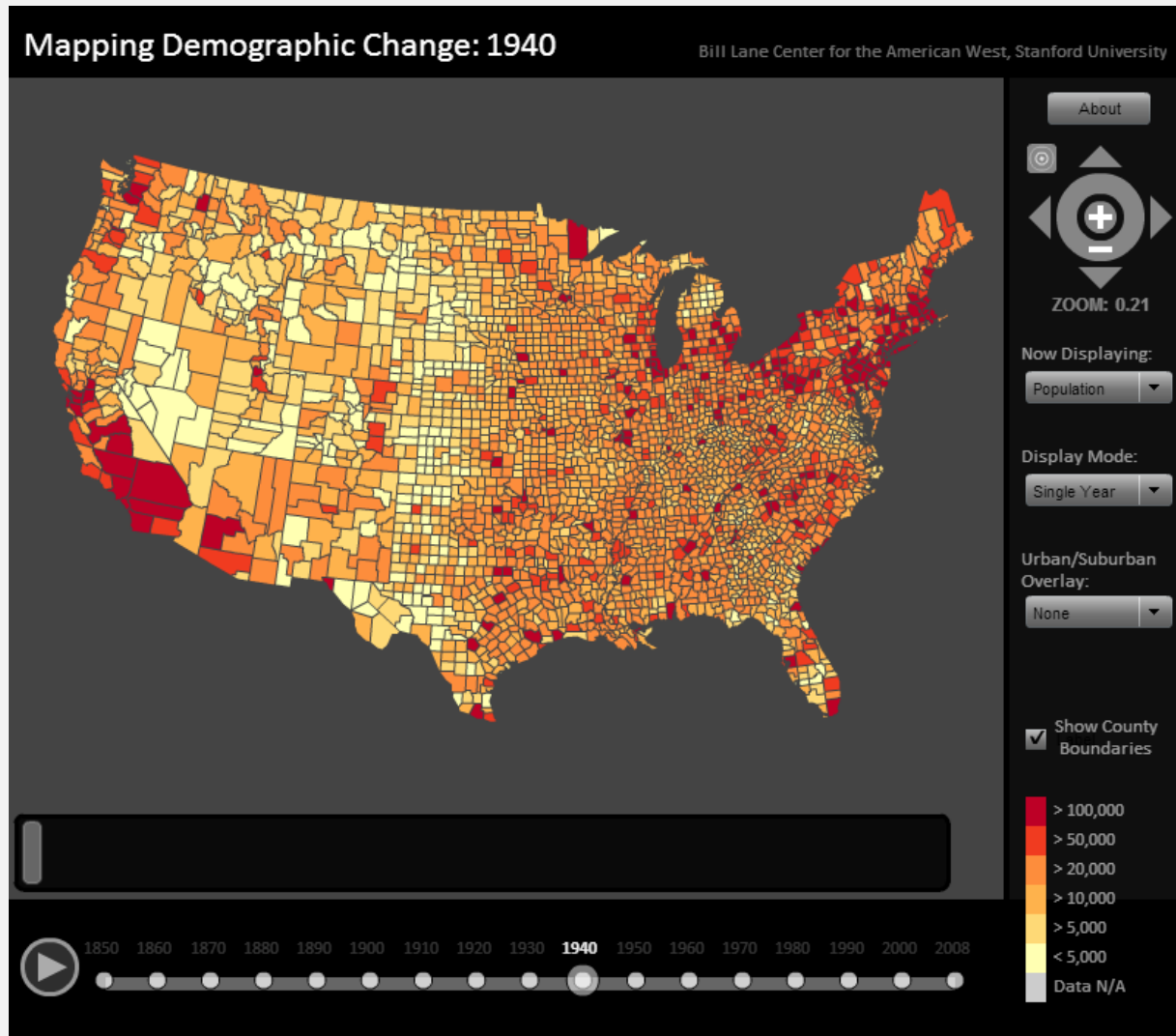
Data: NHGIS <https://www.nhgis.org/>
http://ruralwest.stanford.edu/cgi-bin/web/Viz_DemographicChangePage.php

Time in GIS - Time Slices



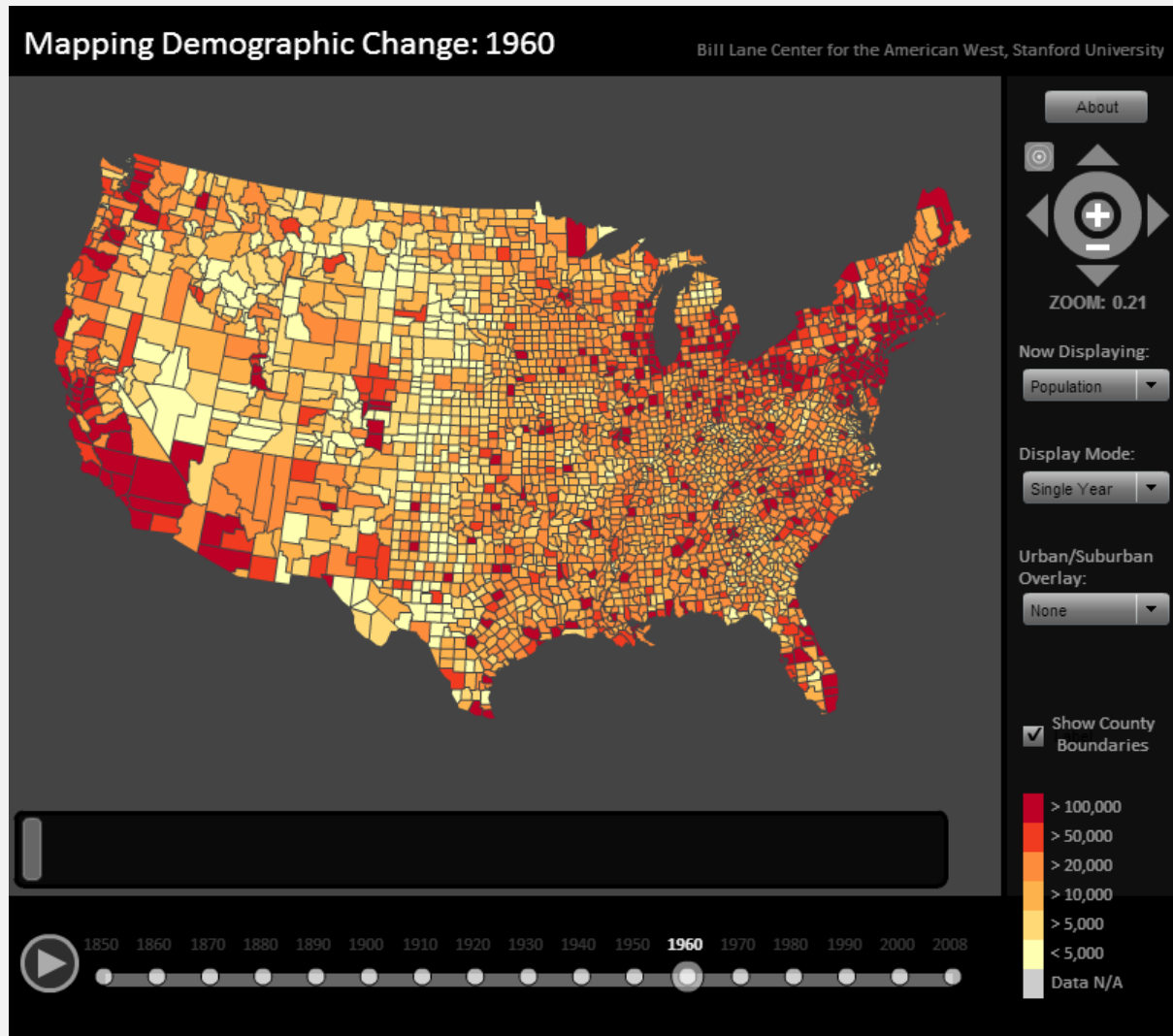
Data: NHGIS <https://www.nhgis.org/>
http://ruralwest.stanford.edu/cgi-bin/web/Viz_DemographicChangePage.php

Time in GIS - Time Slices



Data: NHGIS <https://www.nhgis.org/>
http://ruralwest.stanford.edu/cgi-bin/web/Viz_DemographicChangePage.php

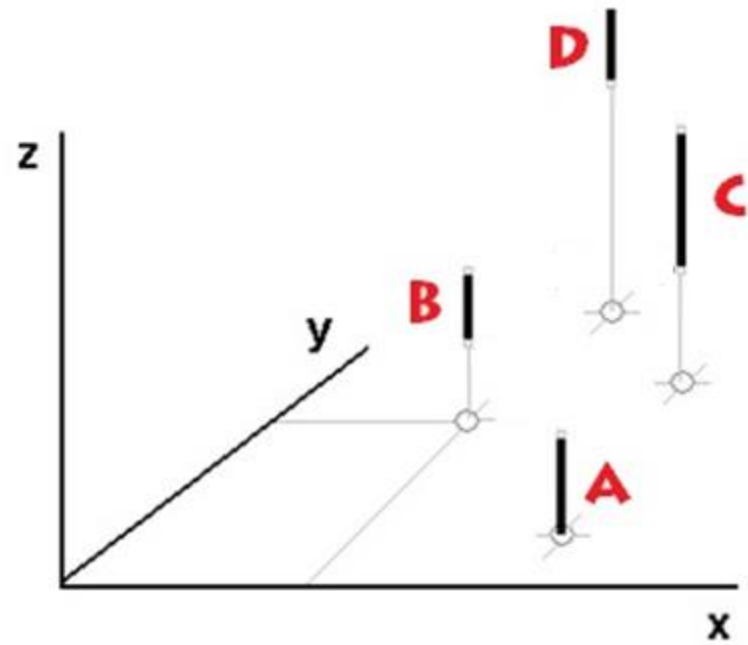
Time in GIS - Time Slices



Data: NHGIS <https://www.nhgis.org/>
http://ruralwest.stanford.edu/cgi-bin/web/Viz_DemographicChangePage.php

Time in GIS - Point-phases

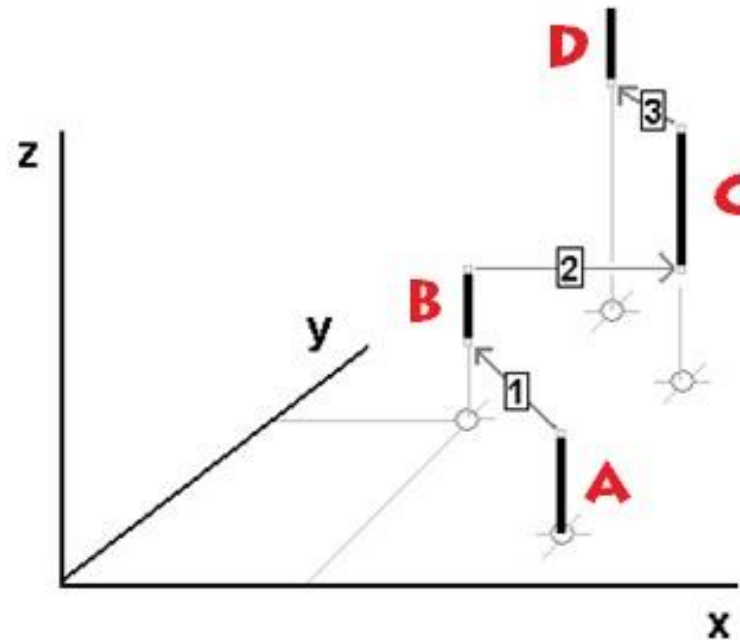
object	begin	end	precBy
A	t1	t2	
B	t2	t3	A
C	t3	t4	B
D	t4	t5	C



z-axis as time (earliest at bottom)

Time in GIS - Point-phases and transitions

object	begin	end	precBy
A	t1	t2	
B	t2	t3	A
C	t3	t4	B
D	t4	t5	C



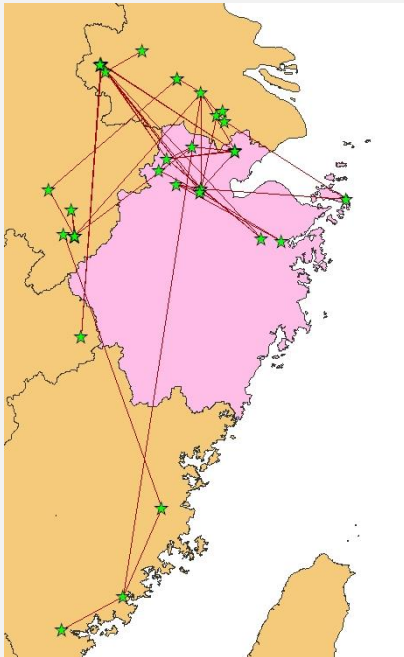
Transition Table

<i>prevID</i>	<i>transition</i>	<i>subsID</i>
A	type 1	B
B	type 2	C
C	type 1	D

Transitions can have durations and can be classified...

Time in GIS - Nodes in a sequence of movements

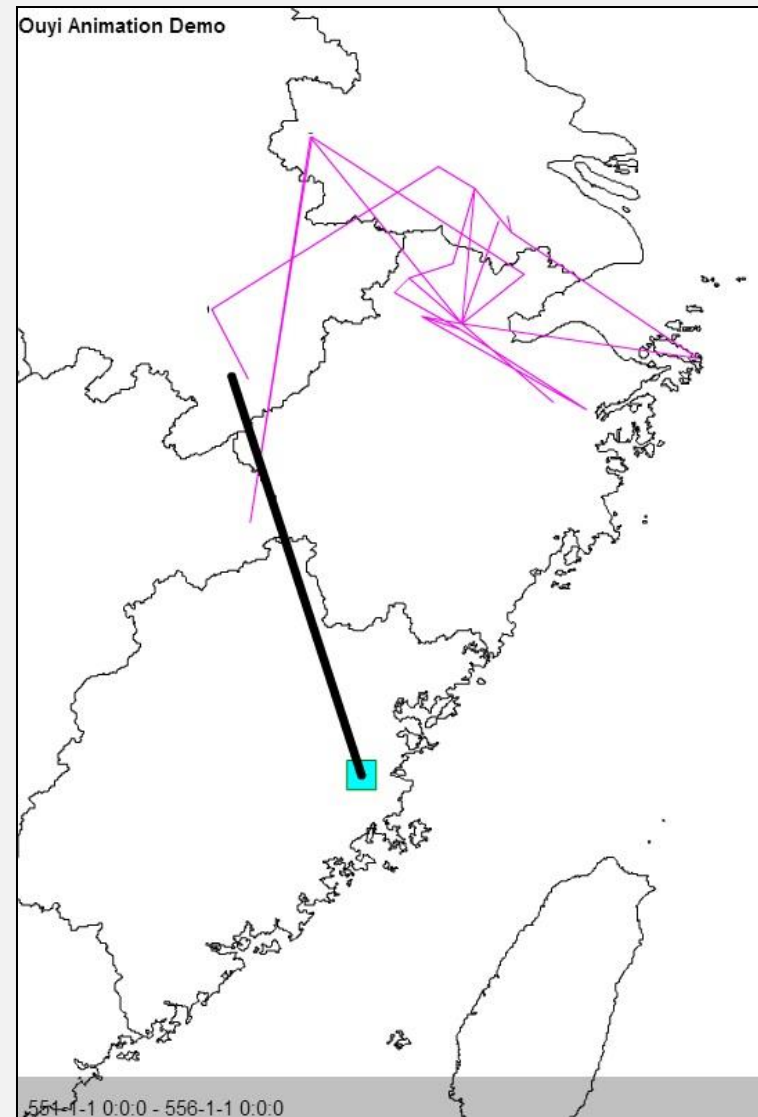
object	begin	end	precBy
A	t1	t2	
B	t2	t3	A
C	t3	t4	B
D	t4	t5	C



Time in GIS - Nodes in a sequence of movements – Animation triggers

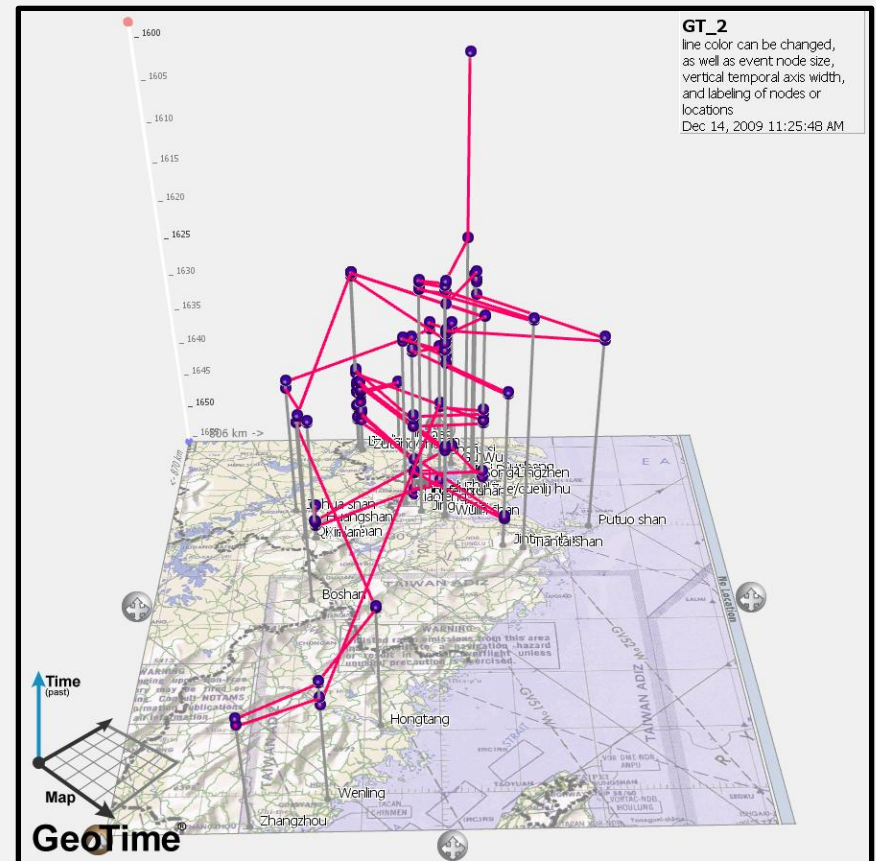
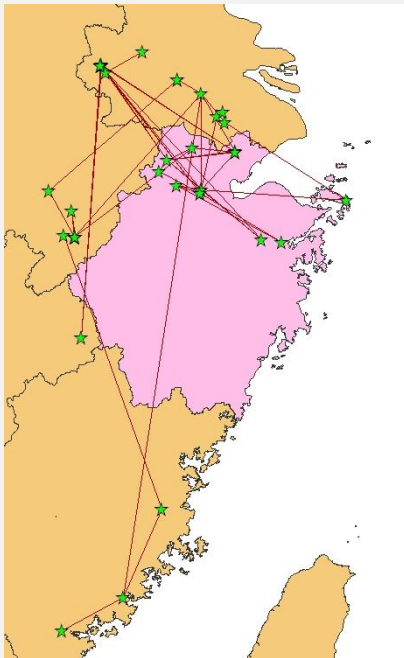
Animation triggers

- 1) Transition Vector Appear
- 2) Node Appear
- 3) Transition Vector Disappear
- 4) Transition Vector Trail Remains
- 5) Node Exist
- 6) Next Transition Vector Appears
- 7) Node Disappear

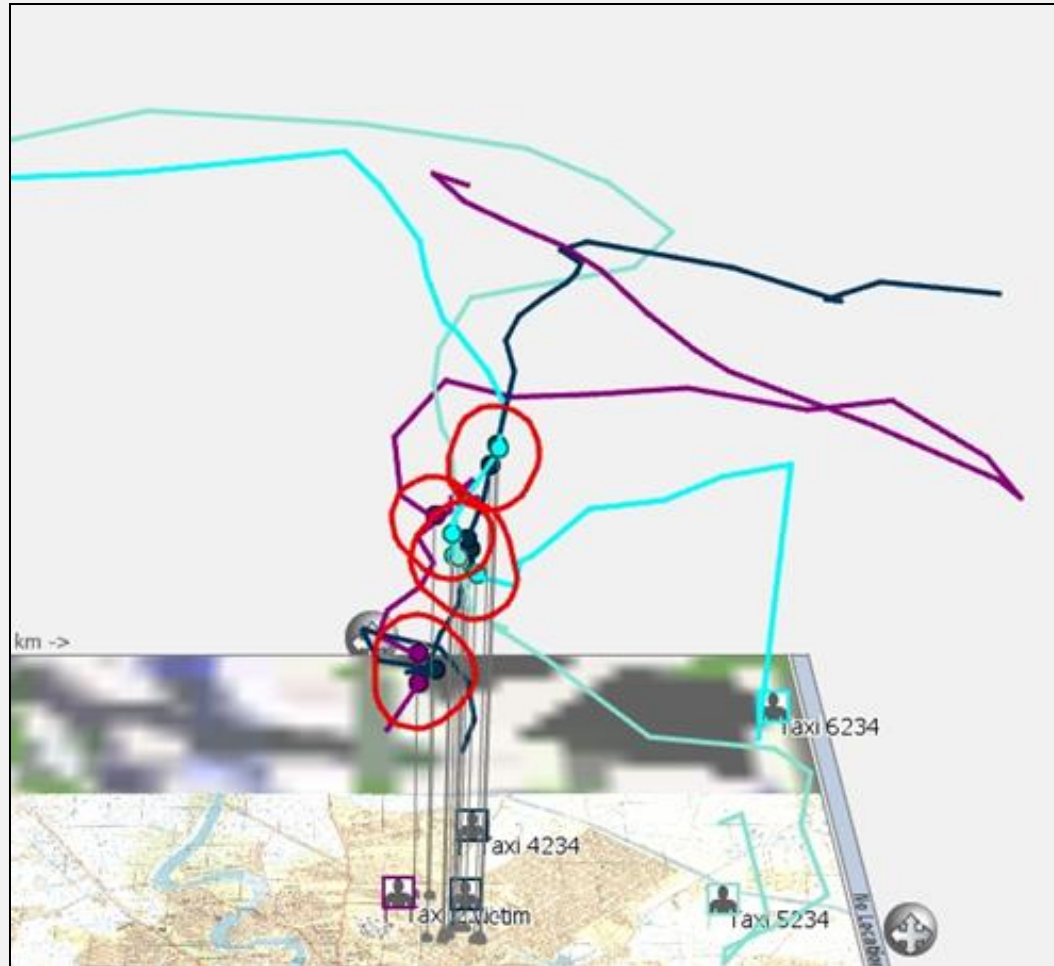


Time in GIS - Nodes in a sequence of movements = spatio-temporal paths

z-axis as time (earliest at top)



Time in GIS - Proximity queries on spatio-temporal paths



Combining both distance and time buffers

Time in GIS - Nodes as hierarchical elements of a *network model*

Historical Instances Table

sys.id	hist.place	begin	end
333	Province T	1200	1350
334	Prefecture A	1200	1249
335	Prefecture B	1250	1350
336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
337	County X	800	1500
338	County Y	1200	1320
339	County Z	1321	1340
340	Town 1	200	1700
341	Town 2	100	1500

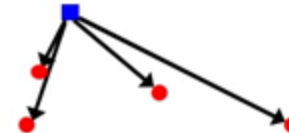
Part-Of Table

sys.id	place.name	part.of	part.of.name	begin	end
334	Prefecture A	333	Province T	1200	1249
335	Prefecture B	333	Province T	1250	1350
336	Prefecture C	333	Province T	1200	1350
337	County X	334	Prefecture A	1200	1249
337	County X	335	Prefecture B	1250	1350
338	County Y	336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
339	County Z	336	Prefecture C	1200	1350
340	Town 1	337	County X	1200	1350
341	Town 2	338	County Y	1300	1320
341	Town 2	339	County Z	1321	1340

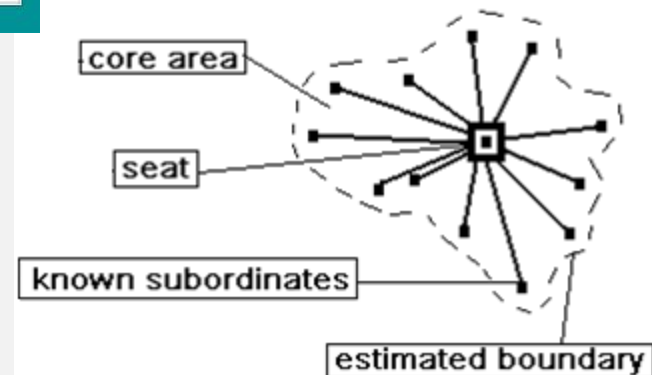
time 1



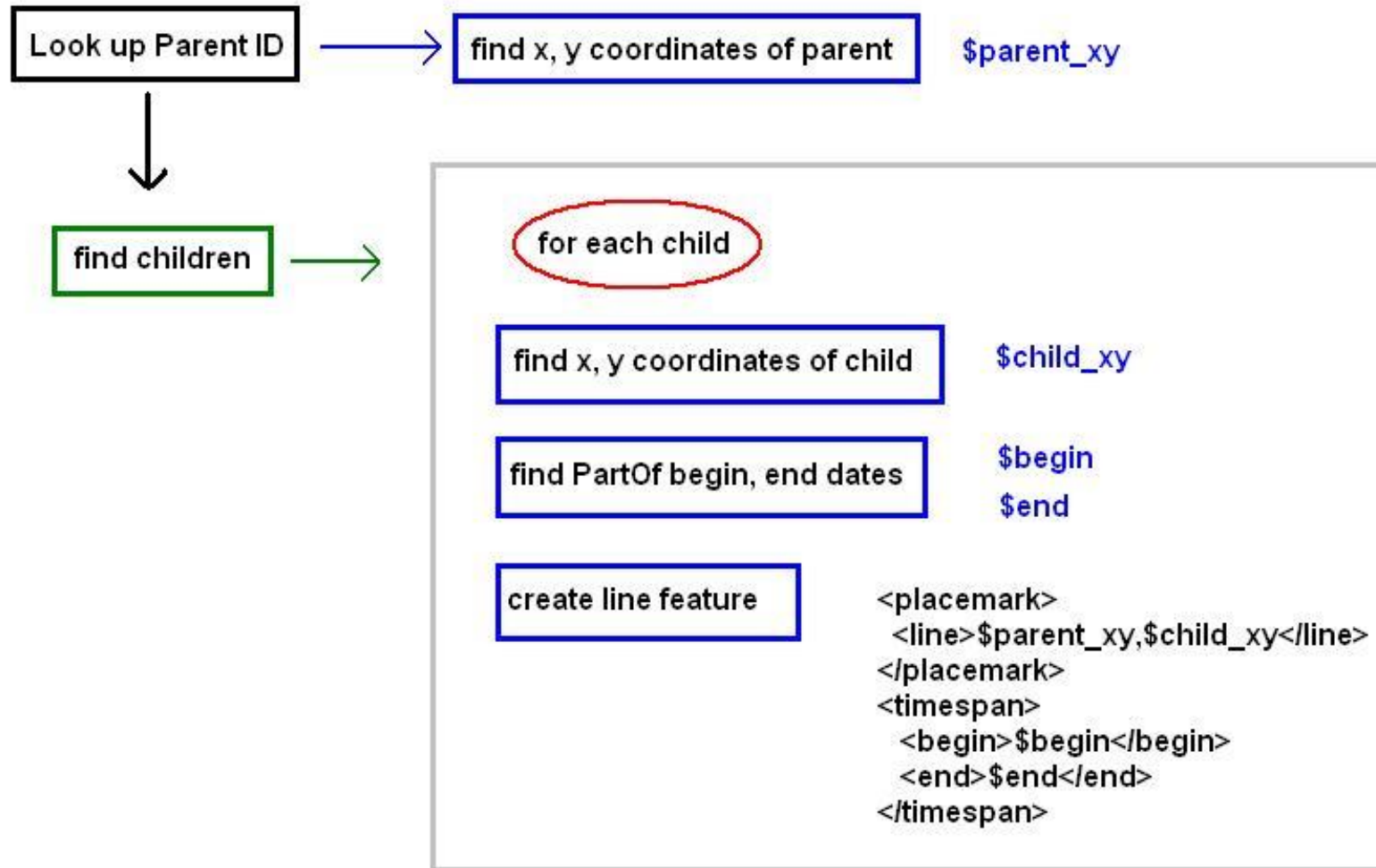
time 2



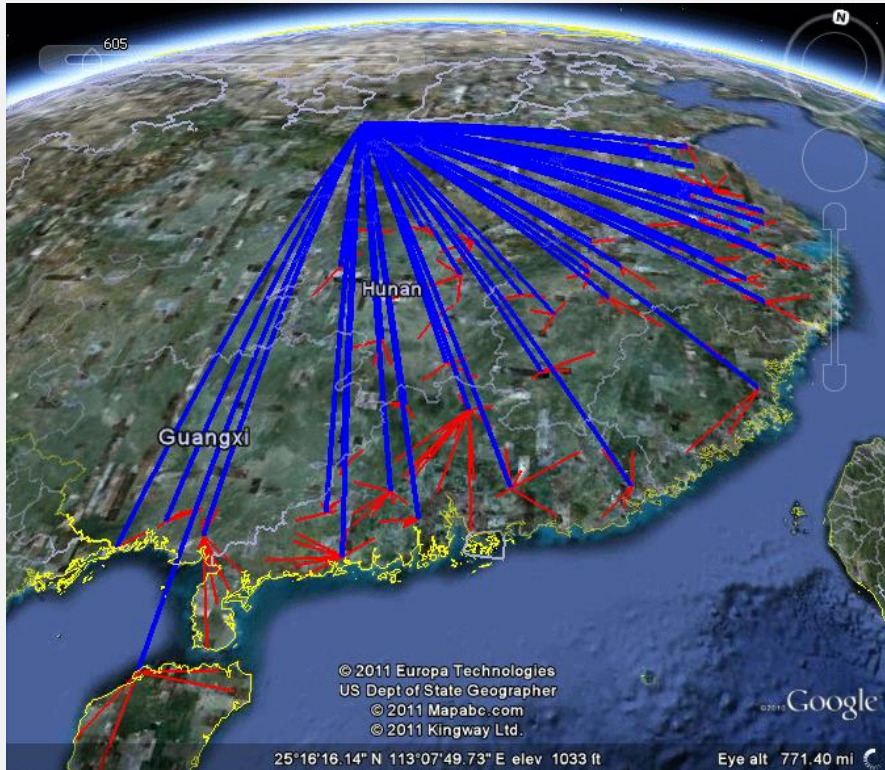
network model



Time in GIS - Spatio-temporal point objects -> network model in KML

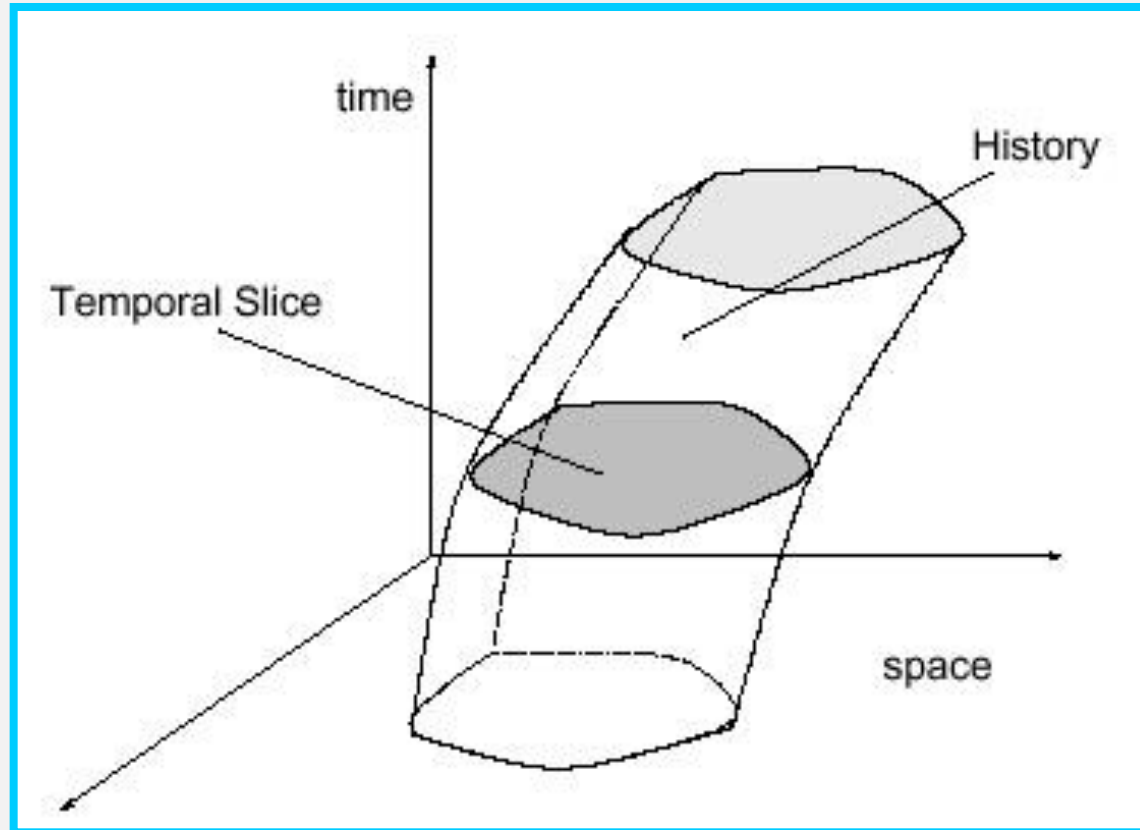


Time in GIS - Animation of network model in Google Earth



https://cga-download.hmdc.harvard.edu/publish_web/Geo_Tools/teKML/examples/

Time in GIS - Visualization of spatio-temporal polygon objects



Time in GIS - Visualization in ArcGIS 10: Time Properties

Layer Properties

General Source Selection Display Symbology Fields Definition Query Labels Joins & Relates Time HTML Popup

Enable time on this layer

Time properties

Layer Time: Each feature has a single time field

Time Field: ENT_DATE Sample: '2005/01/25'
Selected field is not indexed. Index the fields for better performance.

Field Format: YYYY/MM/DD

Time Step Interval: 1 Days

Layer Time Extent: To: Calculate

Data changes frequently so calculate time extent automatically.

Advanced settings

Time Zone: none

Values are adjusted for daylight savings

Time Offset: 0.00 Years

Display data cumulatively

Layer Properties

General Source Selection Display Symbology Fields Definition Query Labels Joins & Relates Time HTML Popup

Enable time on this layer

Time properties

Layer Time: Each feature has a single time field

Time Field: BEG_YR Sample: 1293
Selected field is not indexed. Index the fields for better performance.

Field Format: YYYY

Time Step Interval: 1 Decades

Layer Time Extent: To: Calculate

Data changes frequently so calculate time extent automatically.

Advanced settings

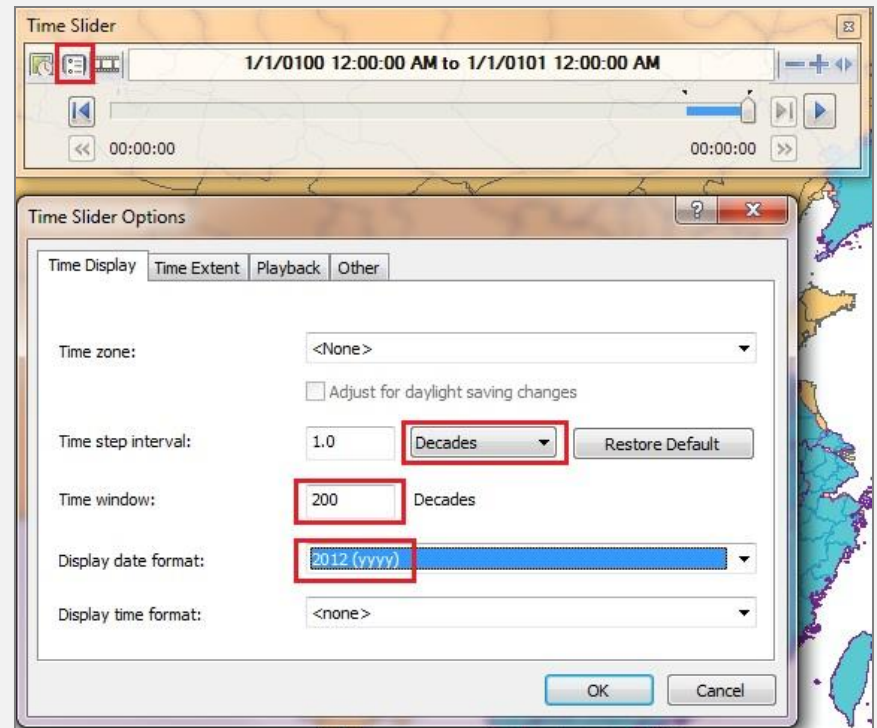
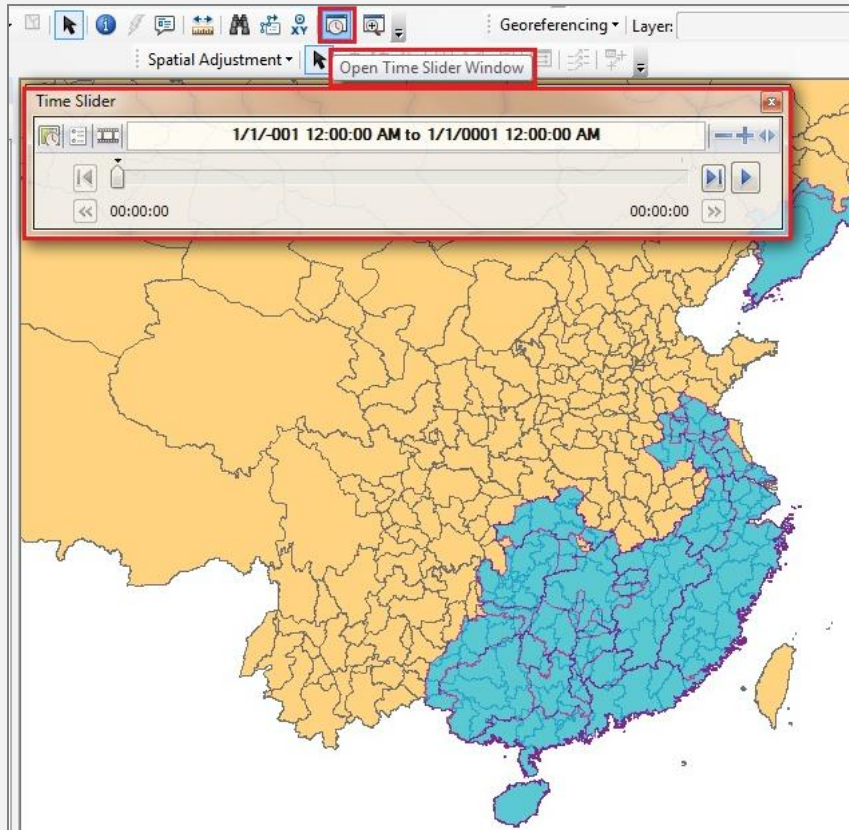
Time Zone: none

Values are adjusted for daylight savings

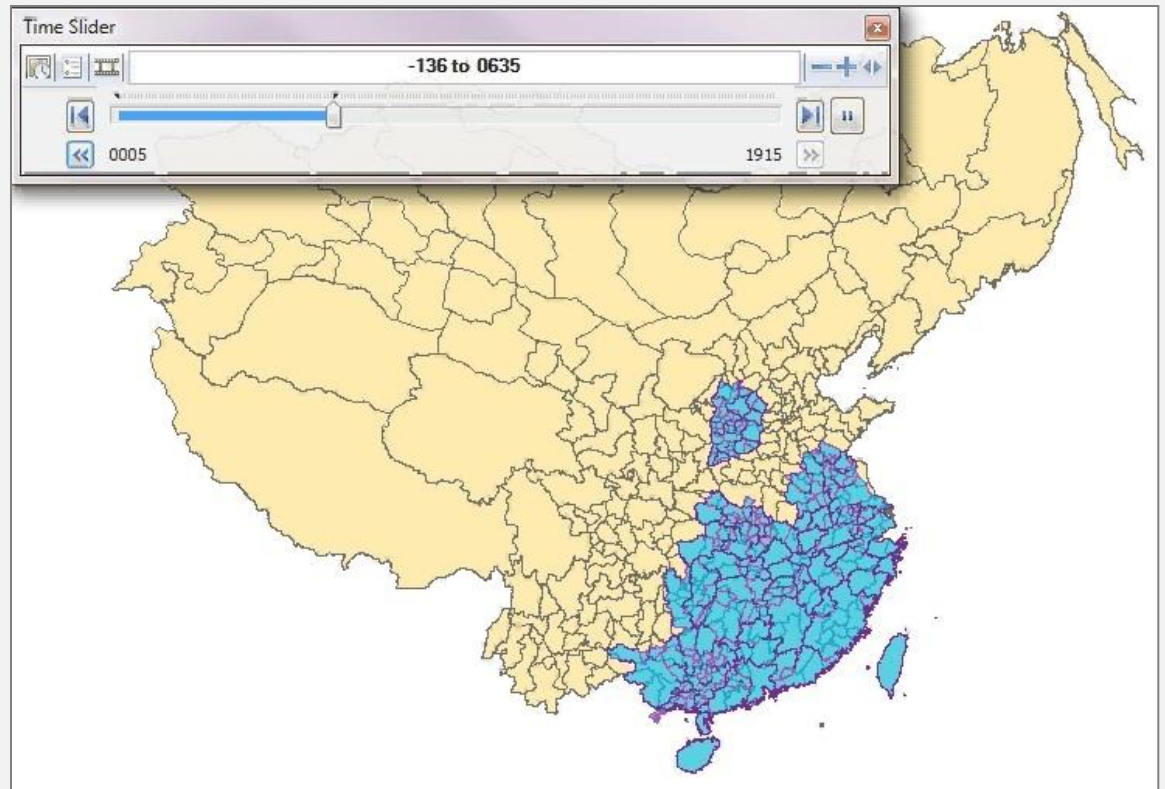
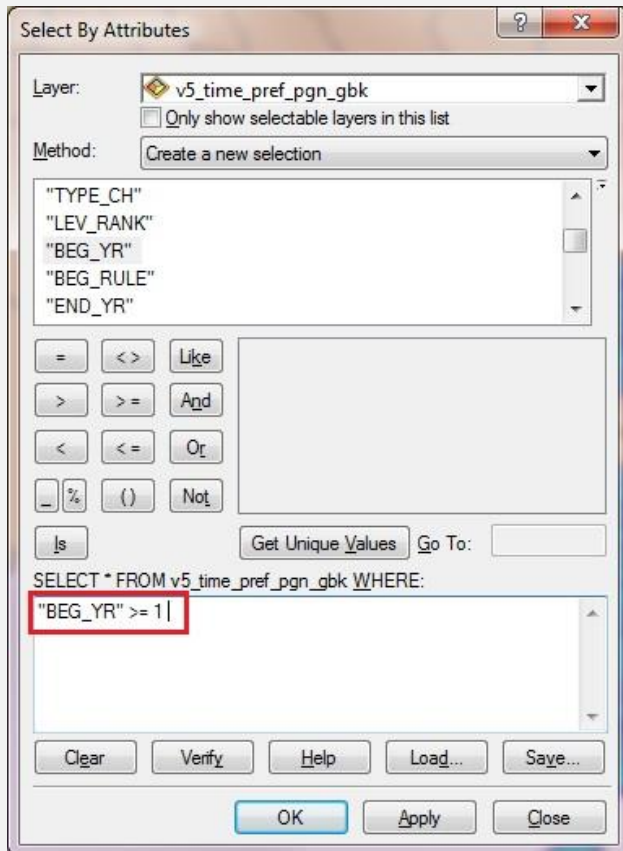
Time Offset: 0.00 Years

Display data cumulatively

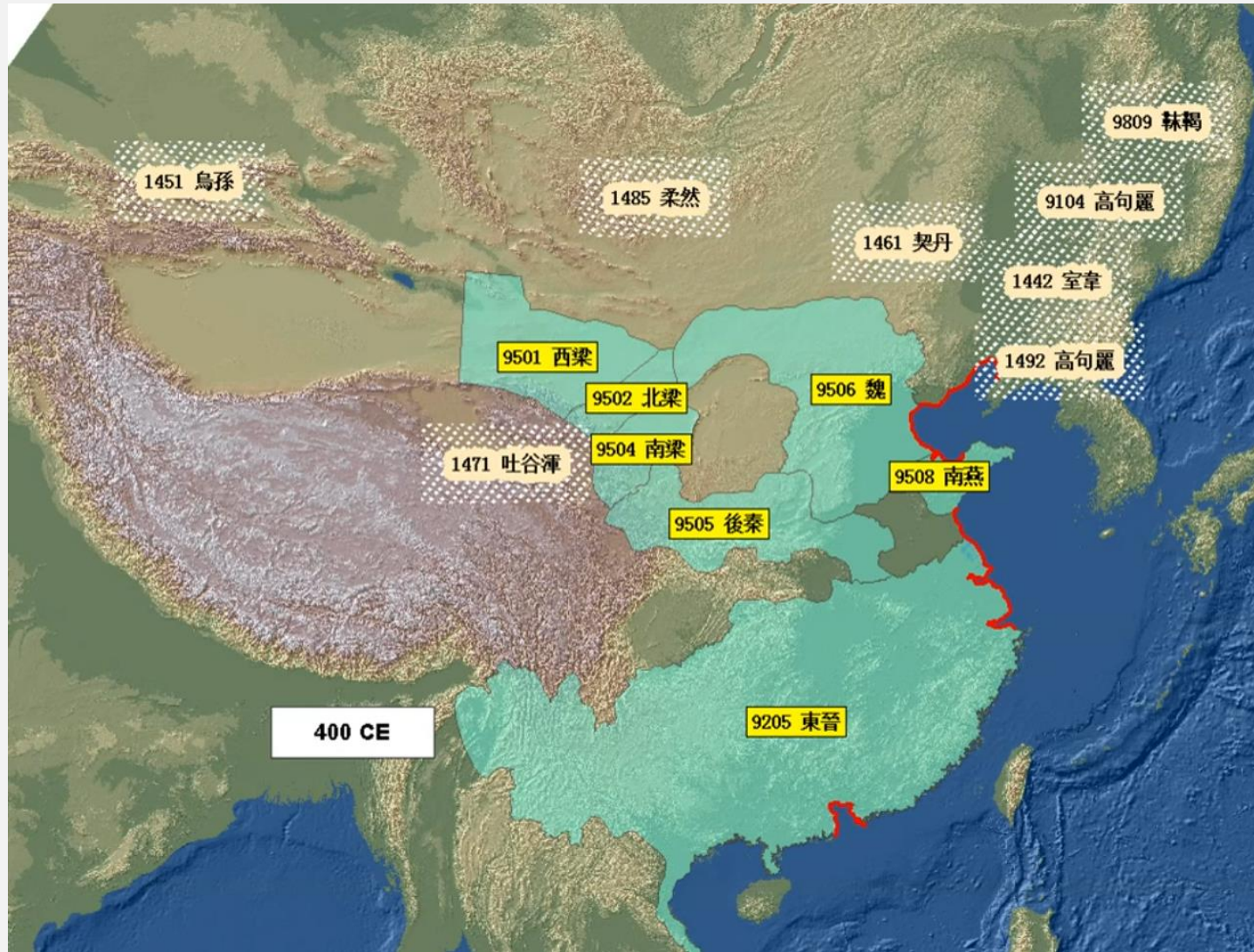
Time in GIS - Visualization in ArcGIS 10: Time Slider



Time in GIS - ArcGIS 10 Time Slider cannot use negative years

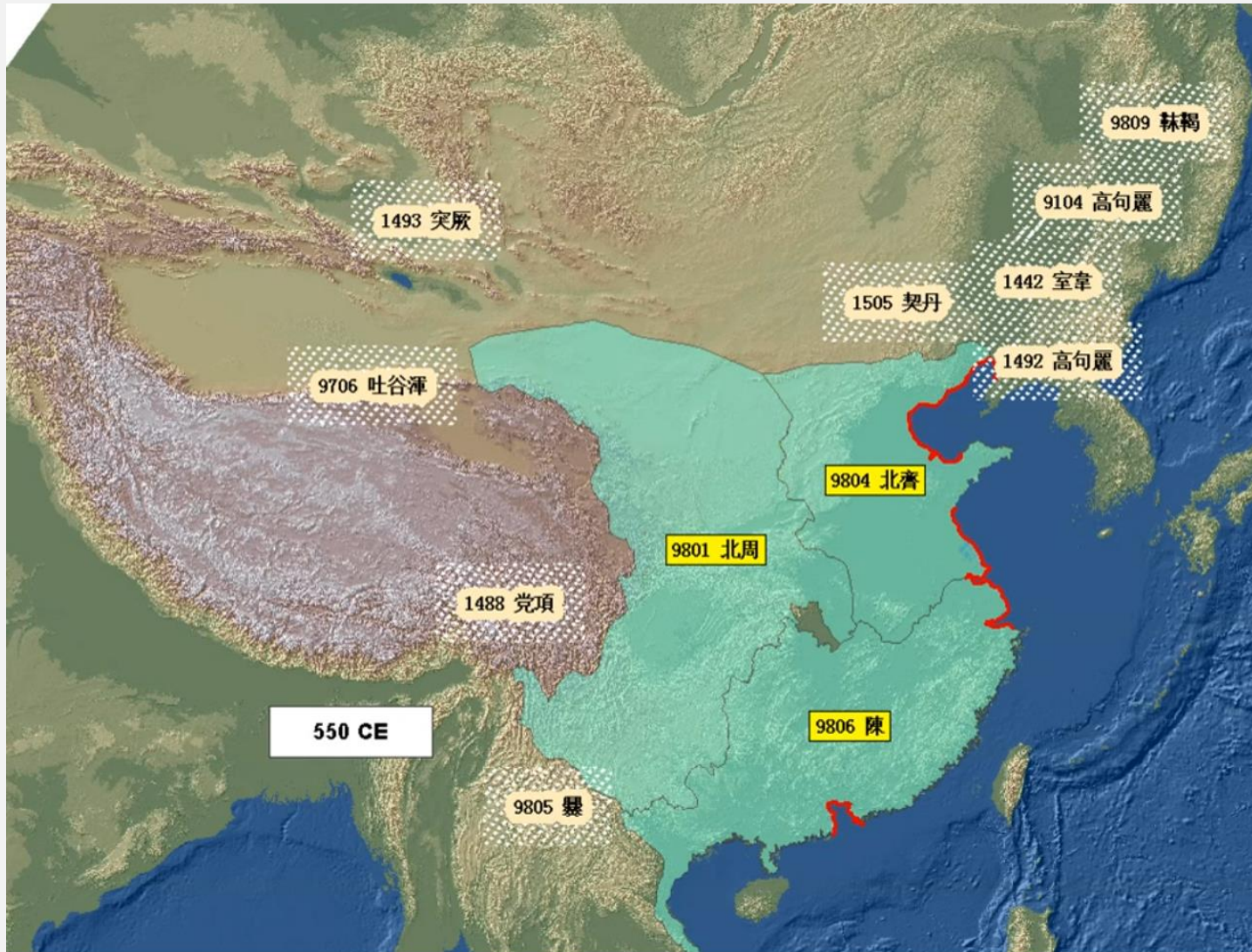


Time in GIS - Asynchronous polygons for animations

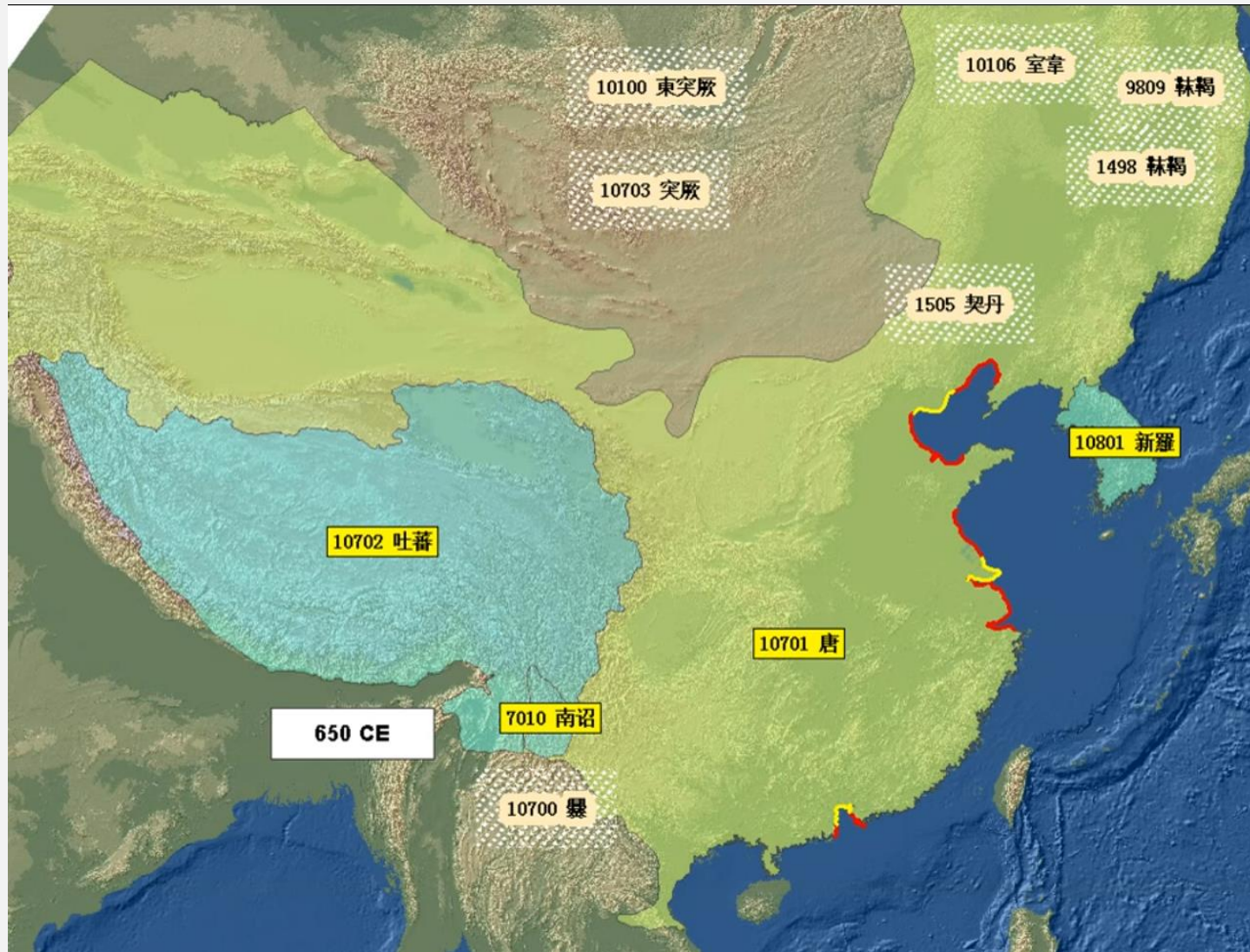


<http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ew1xaUiBQC4>

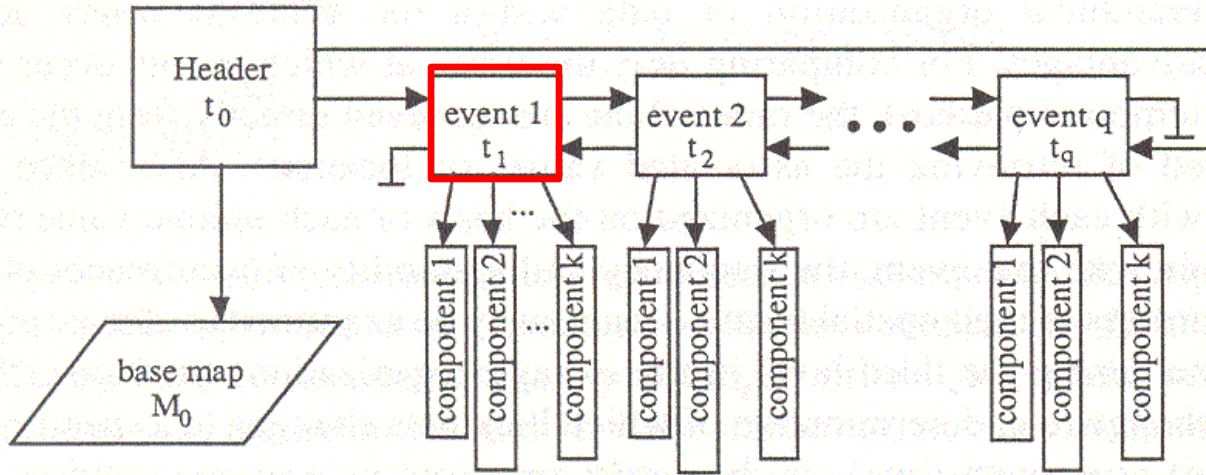
Time in GIS - Asynchronous polygons for animations



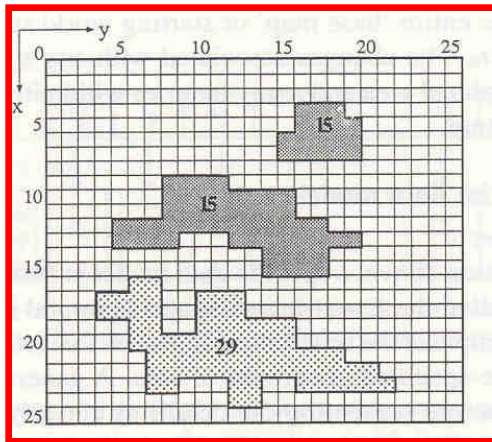
Time in GIS - Asynchronous polygons for animations



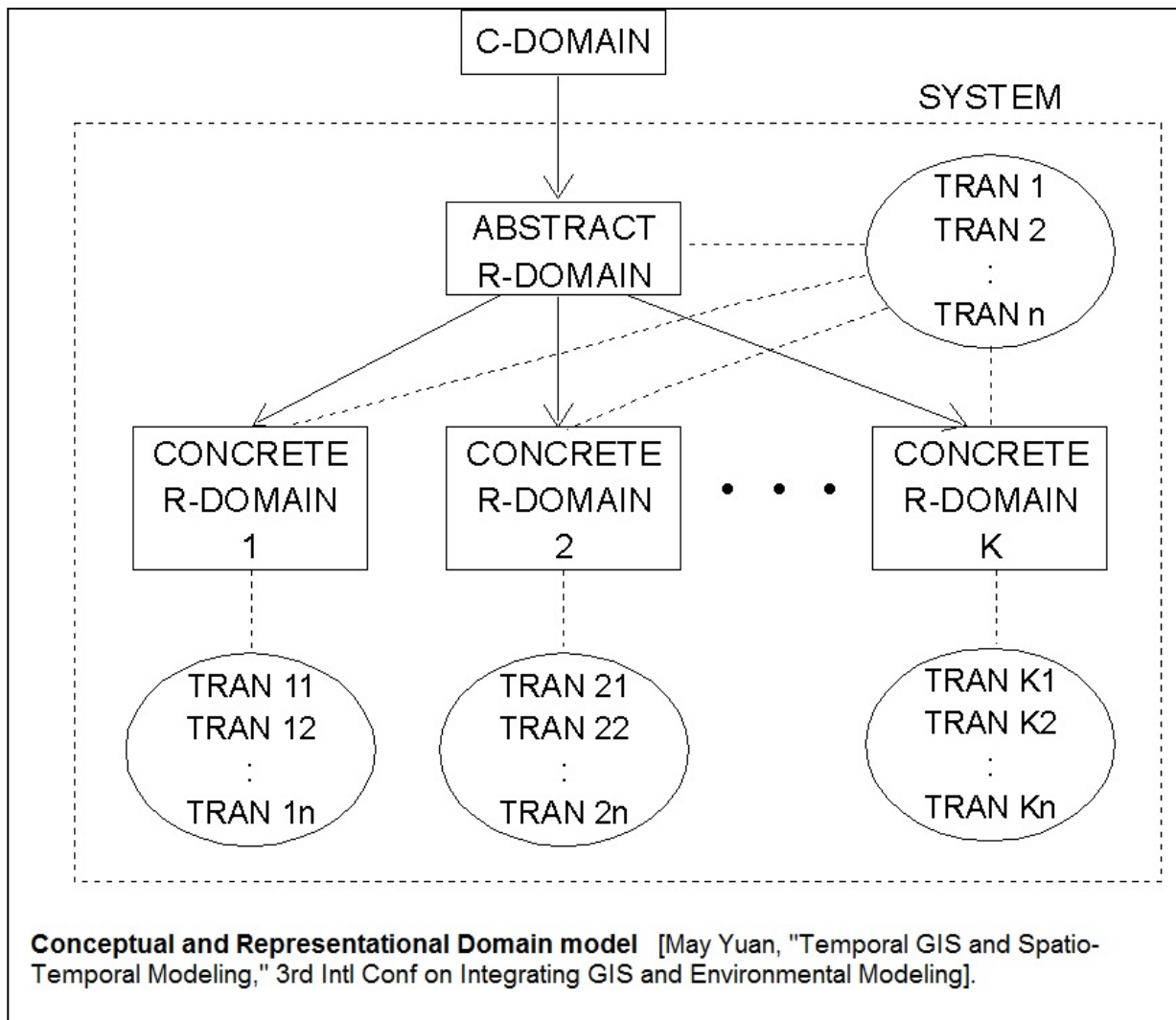
Event-based space time model



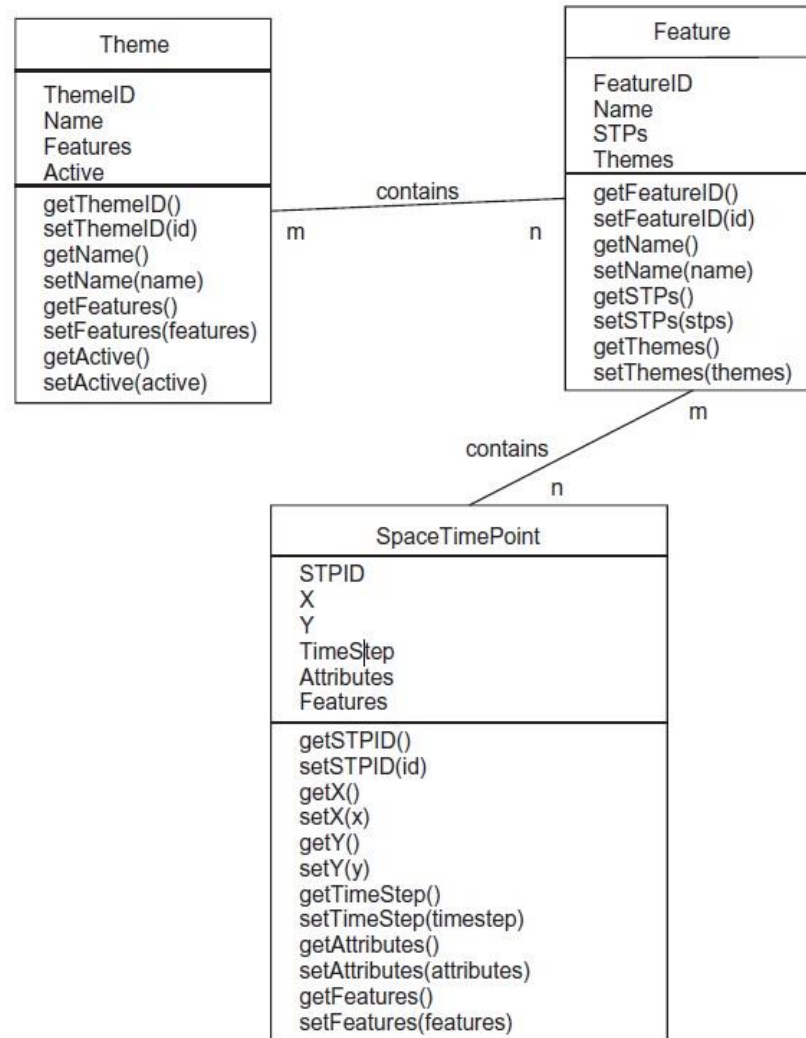
event 1



Temporal GIS model



Extended Dynamic GIS Model - EDGIS



UML Diagram of EDGIS classes. [Pultar, Cova, Yuan, Goodchild. "EDGIS: a dynamic GIS based on space time points," in Geographic Information Science, Apr 2012]

Thanks!

mberman [at] fas.harvard.edu

<http://www.fas.harvard.edu/~chgis/>

<http://www.fas.harvard.edu/~chgis/gazetteer/>

